

# DEFINITIONS

## 11.1 DEFINITIONS

The following definitions describe unique terms used throughout this document for the purpose of establishing a clear and common understanding.

**Accent Trees.** Trees used to supplement the required street trees.

**Adult Day Care Home.** Pursuant to definitions of State law, an adult day care home is a home which provides supervision and non-medical care to six or fewer adults, including elderly persons, in the provider's own home, on a less than 24-hour basis.

**Adult-Related Uses.** Those uses defined and regulated by Title 17, Chapter 17.56 of the City's Zoning Code.

**Alcoholic Beverage Sales.** The retail sale of beer, wine, and/or other alcoholic beverages for on- or off premise consumption.

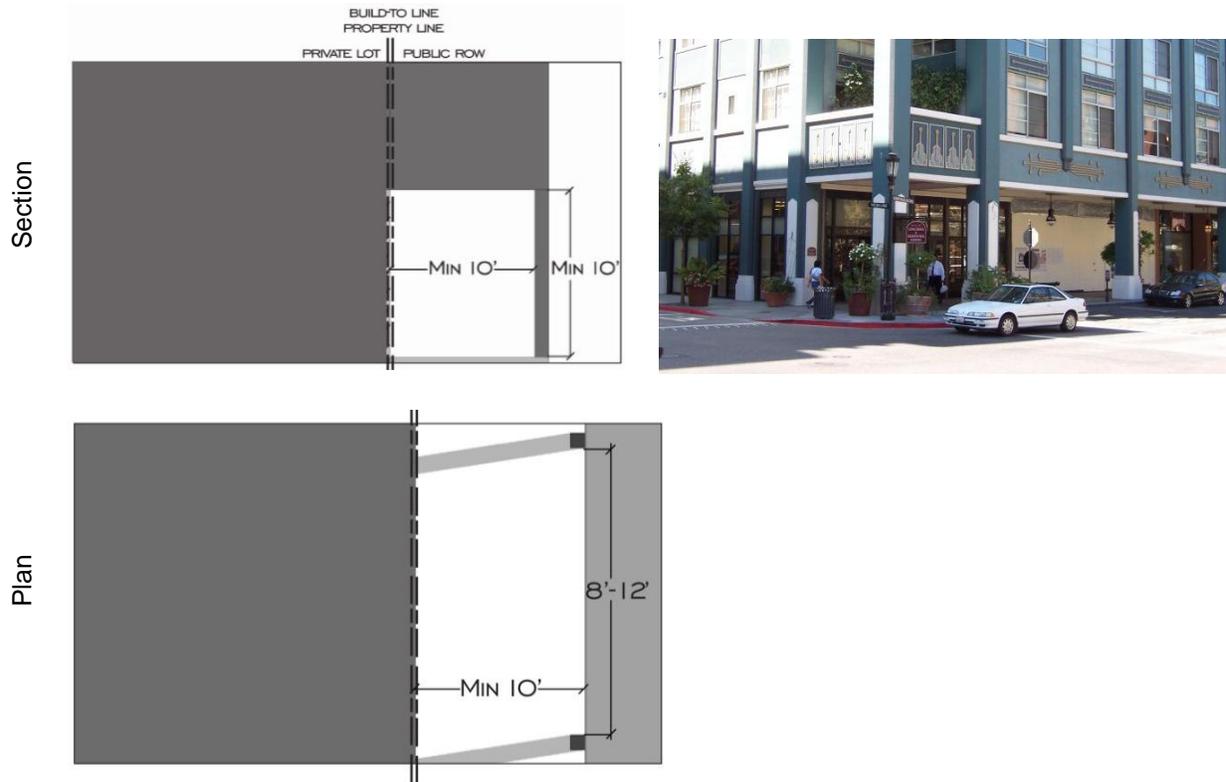
**Alley.** Alleys are narrow private drives serving commercial and residential development.

**Alley Access Parking.** Residential or commercial parking that is accessible from an alley.



**Arcade Frontage.** An Arcade frontage is nearly identical in character to the Gallery frontage except that the upper stories of the building may project over the public sidewalk and encroach into the public right-of-way. The sidewalk must be fully absorbed within the colonnade so that a pedestrian may access it. This frontage is typically for retail use. An encroachment permit is needed to construct this frontage type, but can be approved as part of Design Review.

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**Articulation.** The manner in which portions of a building form are expressed (materials, color, texture, pattern, modulation, etc).

**Arterials.** Arterials provide primary connections between major areas within the City of Pinole and also distribute traffic between adjacent communities. In addition, arterials provide considerable statewide and interstate circulation. Speed limits often range from 30 to 50 mph.

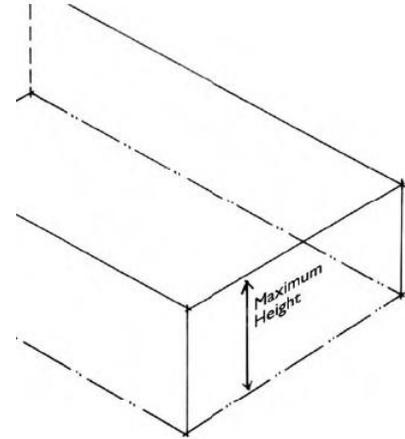
**Auto Parts Sales.** Stores selling new and used automobile parts, tires, and accessories. May also include minor parts installation (see "Vehicle Services"). Does not include tire recapping establishments, which are found under "Vehicle Services" or businesses dealing exclusively in used parts, which are included under "Recycling - Processing."

**Banks and Financial Services.** Financial institutions such as banks and trust companies, credit agencies holding (but not primarily operating) companies, lending and thrift institutions, and investment companies.

Also includes Automated Teller Machines (ATM).

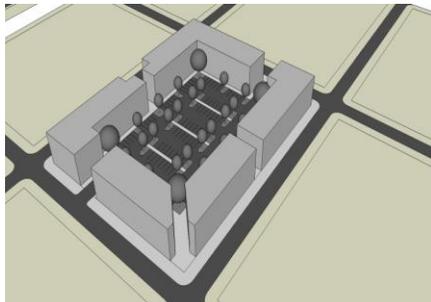
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**Bars and Nightclubs.** Any bar, cocktail lounge, discotheque, or similar establishment, which may also provide live entertainment (e.g. music and/or dancing, comedy) in conjunction with alcoholic beverage sales. These facilities do not include bars that are part of a larger restaurant. Includes bars, taverns, pubs, and similar establishments where any food service is subordinate to the sale of alcoholic beverages. May also include the brewing of beer as part of a brew pub or microbrewery. Bars and nightclubs may include outdoor food and beverage areas.



*Determining Maximum Building Height*

**Bed and Breakfast.** Residential structures with one family in permanent residence with up to five bedrooms rented for overnight lodging, where meals may be provided subject to applicable Health Department regulations. A Bed and Breakfast Inn with more than five guest rooms is considered a hotel or motel and is included under the definition of "Hotels and Motels."



*Behind Structure Parking*

**Behind Structure Parking.** Ground level public or private parking lot located in the rear yard setback behind a building. If possible, access to the parking should be taken from an alley.

**Building Height.** The vertical extent of a building measured in feet from the grade to the highest point of the coping of a flat roof or to the highest point of the highest gable of a pitch or hip roof.

**Building Materials Stores and Yards.** Retail establishments selling lumber and other large building materials, where most display and sales occur indoors. Includes stores selling to the general public, even if contractor sales account for a major proportion of total sales. Includes incidental retail ready-mix concrete operations, except where excluded by a specific zoning district.

**Building Type.** Defines the type of structure based on massing, layout, and use.

**Build-to Line (BTL).** An urban setback dimension that delineates the maximum distance from the property line a front building façade can be placed.

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**Business Support Services.** Establishments primarily within buildings, providing other businesses with services such as maintenance, repair and service, testing, rental, etc. Other support services include but are not limited to equipment repair services (except vehicle repair, see "Vehicle Services"), commercial art and design (production), computer-related services (rental, repair), copying, quick printing, and blueprinting services (other than those defined as "Printing and Publishing"), equipment rental businesses within buildings (rental yards are "Storage Yards"), film processing laboratories, heavy equipment repair services where repair occurs on the client site, janitorial services, mail advertising services (reproduction and shipping); mail box services other "heavy service" business services, outdoor advertising services, photocopying and photofinishing.

**Carriage House.** A building type consisting of a dwelling unit on top of a detached garage. Carriage Houses typically abut an alley at the rear of a lot that also includes a Front Yard or Side Yard House.



Carriage

**Car Wash and Detailing.** Permanent, drive-through, self-service and/or attended car washing establishments, including fully mechanized facilities. May include detailing services. Temporary car washes are typically fundraising activities generally conducted at a service station or other automotive-related business, where volunteers wash vehicles by hand, and the duration of the event is limited to one day and are not part of this use classification and not regulated by this title.

**Child Day Care Facility.** A State licensed facility which provides non-medical, care, protection, and supervision to more than 14 children under 18 years of age on a less than 24-hour basis. Commercial or nonprofit child day care facilities include infant centers, preschools, sick-child centers, and school-age day care facilities. These may be operated in conjunction with a school or church facility or as an independent land use. Also see "Family Day Care Home, Small" and "Family Day Care Home, Large."

**Class I Multi-Use Path.** Provides for pedestrian and bicycle use on a paved right-of-way separate from any street or highway. Under Caltrans standards, it must be at least eight feet wide for a two-way path.

**Class II Bike Lanes.** Provides for a striped and stenciled lane for one-way travel on a street or highway. A Bike Lane has a minimum standard width of four feet.

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**Class III Bike Route.** Provides for shared use of a street with motor vehicle traffic, and may be identified only by signing and/or pavement legends. They usually are used and posted to connect other bike lane segments.

**Clubs, Lodges, and Private Meeting Halls.** Permanent meeting facilities for organizations operating on a membership basis for the promotion of the interests of the members, (e.g. business associations, civic, social and fraternal organizations, labor unions and similar organizations, political organizations, professional membership organizations).

**Collectors.** Collectors typically serve intra-city rather than regional circulation needs. Their primary function is to provide access to adjacent properties and connections between local roads and other roadways that are higher in the hierarchy of classification. Travel speeds on collectors often range between 25 mph and 45 mph.

**Cottage Industry.** Establishments manufacturing and/or assembling small products primarily by hand, including but not limited to jewelry, pottery and other ceramics, as well as small glass and metal art and craft products. Also see “Manufacturing – Major” and “Manufacturing – Minor.”

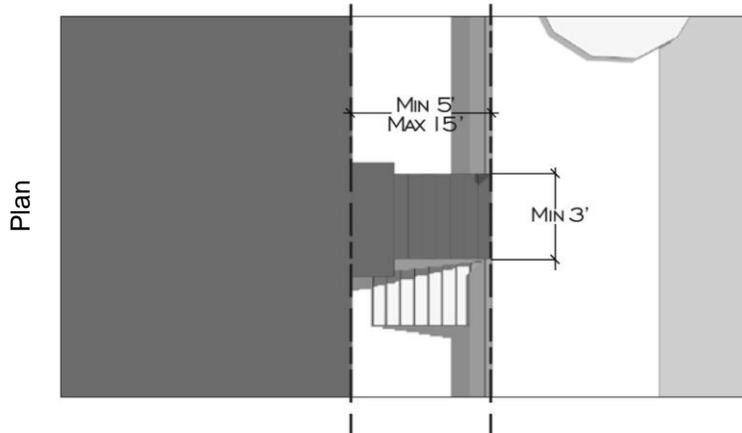
**Courtyard Housing.** A group of dwelling units arranged to share one or more common courtyards. Dwellings take access from the street or the courtyard(s). Dwelling configuration occurs as townhouses, apartments, or apartments located over or under townhouses. The Courtyard is intended to be a semi-public space that can be an extension of the public realm.



*Courtyard Housing*

**Door Yard Frontage.** Is characterized by a façade that is set back from the street property line. This buffers residential uses from the sidewalk. Door Yard/Terrace is a variation on the Stoop frontage, but it provides opportunities for multiple levels of commercial/retail easily accessible from the street. Could also be used for a lower-level commercial use with office or residential on the second level.

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**Drive-in and Drive-through sales and services.** Facilities where food or other products and services may be obtained by motorists without leaving their vehicles. These facilities include but are not limited to fastfood restaurants, drive through coffee, dairy product, photo stores, drive-up bank teller windows, and dry cleaners. Does not include automatic teller machines (ATMs), automobile service stations, or car washes, which are separately defined.

**Du/Tri/Quadplex.** A du/tri/quadplex is a building type that contains two, three, or four dwelling units. Each unit is individually accessed directly from the street.

**Dwelling Unit.** Any room or group of connected rooms that have sleeping, cooking, eating, and bathroom facilities, and are intended for long term occupation.



*Duplex, Triplex and Quadplex*

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**Dwelling, Multifamily.** A building designed and intended for occupancy by three or more families living independently of each other, each in a separate dwelling unit, which may be owned individually or by a single landlord (e.g., apartment, apartment house, townhouse, condominium).

**Dwelling, Second Unit.** An attached or detached dwelling unit which provides complete independent living facilities for one or more persons, with permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking and sanitation sited on the same parcel as the primary dwelling unit. This definition includes granny flats.

**Dwelling, Single-family.** A building designed exclusively for occupancy by one family on one or more lots. This classification includes manufactured homes (defined in California Health and Safety Code Section 18007) and model homes for the first sale of homes within the subdivision.

**Dwelling, Two-family.** An attached building (e.g. duplex) designed for occupancy by two families living independently of each other, where both dwellings are located on a single lot. For the purposes of this Title, this definition also includes halfplexes (two attached units, each with a separate lot). Does not include “Second Dwelling Units.”

**Elevation.** A fully dimensioned drawing of the front, rear, or side of a building showing features such as windows, doors, and relationship of grade to floor level.

**Emergency Shelter.** Any facility, the primary purpose of which is to provide temporary or transitional shelter for the homeless in general or for specific populations of the homeless.

**Equipment Sales and Rental.** Service establishments with outdoor storage/rental yards, which may offer a wide variety of materials and equipment for rental (e.g. construction equipment).

**Façade.** Any vertical, exterior face of wall of a building, usually the front, often distinguished from other faces by architectural details.

**Family Day Care Home – Large.** State licensed facilities that provide non-medical care and supervision of minor children for periods of less than 24 hours within a single family residence. The occupant of the residence provides care and supervision generally for seven to 14 children. As described in the California Health and Safety Code, large day care homes may provide services for up to 16 children when specific conditions are met.

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**Family Day Care Home – Small.** State licensed facilities that provide non-medical care and supervision of minor children for periods of less than 24 hours within a single family residence. The occupant of the residence provides care and supervision generally to six or fewer children. As described in the California Health and Safety Code, small day care homes for children may provide services for up to eight children when specific conditions are met.

**Frontage Line.** A lot line fronting a street, public right-of-way, paseo, plaza, or park.

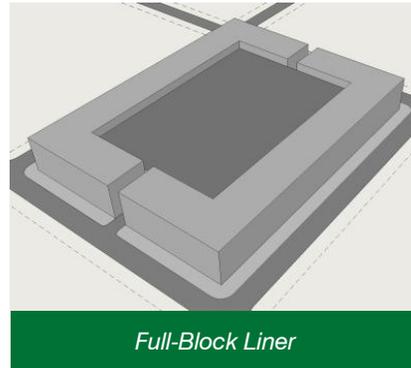
**Frontage Type.** Refers to the architectural composition of the front façade of a building; particularly concerning how it relates and ties into the surrounding public realm.

**Front Yard Housing Building Type.** A detached building designed as a single-family residence, duplex, triplex, or quadplex. Front Yard Housing is accessed from the sidewalk adjacent to the street build-to line.

**Full Block Liner.** An attached building with a frontage that spans the length of a Downtown block, and has zero side yard setbacks. It is used for mixed-use, residential, and commercial development.



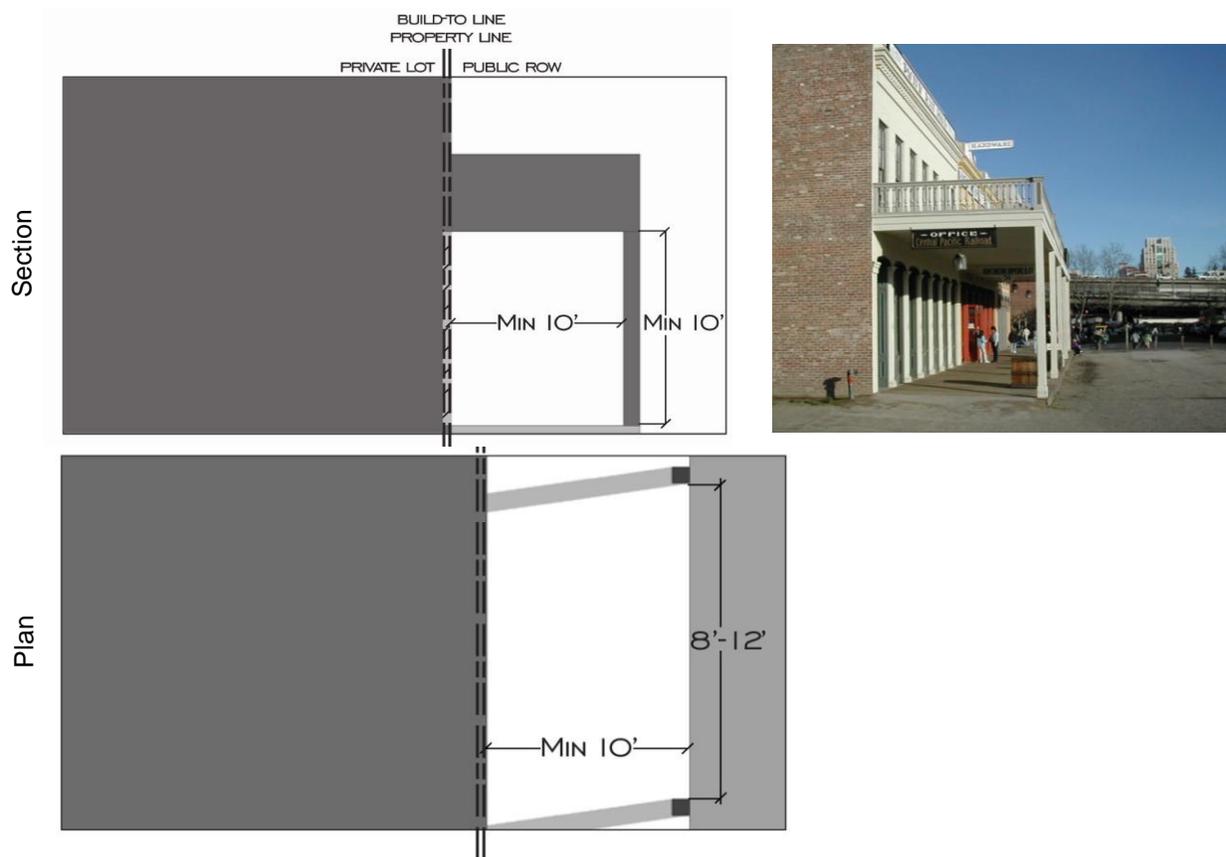
*Front Yard Housing*



*Full-Block Liner*

**Gallery Frontage.** This is characterized by a façade which is aligned close to or directly on the right-of-way line with the building entrance at sidewalk grade, and with an attached colonnade that projects over the public sidewalk and encroaches into the public right-of-way. The sidewalk must be fully absorbed within the colonnade so that a pedestrian may access it. This frontage is typically for retail use. An encroachment permit is needed to construct this frontage type, but can be approved as part of Design Review.

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**Green Building.** Green building is a whole systems approach to the design, construction and operation of buildings that employs materials and methods that promote natural resource conservation, energy efficiency, and a good indoor air quality.

**Green Industry.** Agricultural, manufacturing, research and development (R&D), administrative, and service activities that contribute(s) substantially to preserving or restoring environmental quality. Specifically, but not exclusively, this includes industries that help to protect ecosystems and biodiversity; reduce energy, materials, and water consumption through high-efficiency strategies; de-carbonize the economy; and minimize or altogether avoid generation of all forms of waste and pollution.

**Green Roof.** A green roof is a roof of a building that is partially or completely covered with vegetation and soil, or a growing medium, planted over a waterproofing membrane.

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**Greenhouse Gas Emissions.** Gasses such as carbon dioxide, methane, and CFC's that are relatively transparent to the higher energy sunlight, but trap lower energy infrared radiation.

**Half Block Liner.** An attached building with a frontage of approximately one-third to one-half the length of a Downtown block, and zero side yard setbacks. It is used for mixed-use, residential, and commercial development.

**Hardscape.** The use of hardened surfacing materials to create unique patterns of color, design, and texture in order to create visual interest; also used to mean those areas that have received such improvements.

**Heat Island Effect.** Occurs when warmer temperatures are experienced in urban landscapes compared to adjacent rural areas as a result of solar energy retention on constructed surfaces. Principle surfaces that contribute to the heat island effect include streets, sidewalks, parking lots, and buildings.

**Home Occupation.** The conduct of business within a dwelling unit or residential site, employing occupants of the dwelling, with the business activity being subordinate to the residential use of the property.

**Heliports.** A designated, marked area on the ground or the top of a structure where helicopters may land at any time.

**Home Improvement Supplies.** Establishments (retail or wholesale) that sell kitchen, bath, furnishings, carpeting, and other home oriented supplies. Other retail uses are permitted if accessory to the primary use. These use may include an expansive showroom. This category does not include the sale of lumber and does not permit the outdoor display of merchandise. This use classification is a sub category of the larger Building Materials Stores and Yards use classification and may be combined with or separate from such uses.

**Hotels/Motels.** Facilities with guest rooms or suites, provided with or without kitchen facilities, rented to the general public for transient lodging (less than 30 days). Hotels provide access to most guest rooms from an interior walkway, and typically include a variety of services in addition to lodging (e.g. restaurants, meeting facilities, personal services). Motels provide access to most guest rooms from an exterior walkway. Also includes accessory guest facilities such as swimming pools, tennis courts, indoor athletic facilities, accessory retail uses, etc.

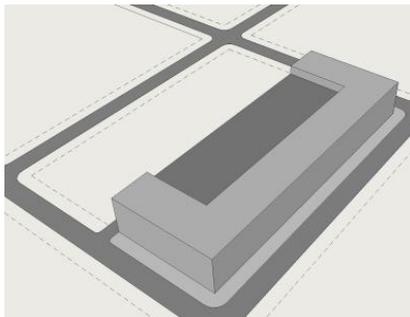
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**Impervious Surface.** Any material that prevents absorption of stormwater into the ground.

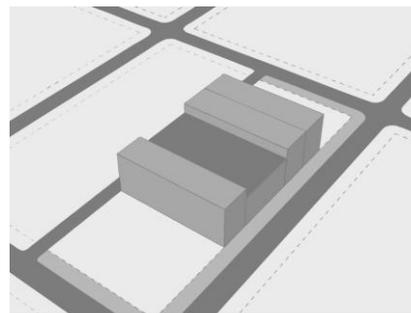
**Indoor Amusement/Entertainment Facilities.** Establishments providing indoor amusement and entertainment services for a fee or admission charge (e.g. dance halls and ballrooms, electronic game arcades). Four or more electronic games or coin-operated amusements in any establishment, or a premises where 50 percent or more of the floor area is occupied by amusement devices, are considered an electronic game arcade as described above; three or less machines are considered accessory to the primary use of the site.

**Indoor Fitness and Sports Facilities.** Predominantly participant sports and health activities conducted entirely within an enclosed building. Typical uses include bowling alley, billiard parlor, ice/roller skating rinks, indoor racquetball courts, indoor climbing facilities, soccer areas, athletic clubs and health clubs. This use does not include special studios not a part of an athletic or health club (e.g. karate studio, dance studio, etc.). Also see “Schools – Private and Special/Studio.”

**Infill Housing/ Quarter Block Liner.** An attached building with a frontage that is less than one-third the length of a Downtown block, and zero side yard setbacks. It is used for mixed-use, residential, and commercial development.



*Half-Block Liner*



*Quarter Block/Infill Lot*

**Kennels.** These facilities provide boarding of animals. May also include day-time boarding and activity for animals (e.g. “doggie day care”).

**Libraries, Museums, and Similar Facilities.** Public or quasi-public facilities such as aquariums, arboretums, art exhibitions, botanical gardens, historic sites and exhibits, libraries, museums, and planetariums, which are generally non-commercial in nature.

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**Live-Work Facility.** Rowhouse or conventional house with the first story or the front of the home available as a commercial space. The commercial space may be independently leased or used by an occupant of the residential unit. The building construction must meet the building and fire code based on the use type. The work space shall contain an active use and not be used exclusively for storage or warehousing. For example, the unit may include:

- First floor storefront for retail or service business activity;
- Restaurant, café, or catering establishment with a complete kitchen and sanitary facilities;
- Minor fabrication activities (e.g. carpentry, light welding, print shop, artist studio); and
- Office space.

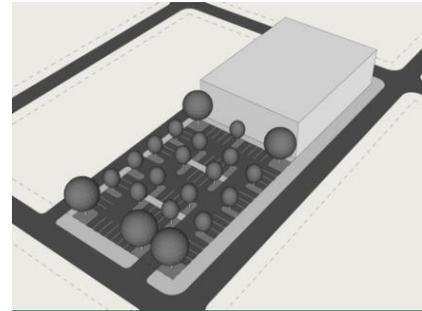
**Local Streets.** Local roads provide access to adjacent properties, primarily residential uses, and distribute traffic to collectors. Travel speeds on local streets typically range from 25 to 35 mph.

**Manufacturing – Major.** Manufacturing, fabrication, processing, and assembly of materials in a raw form. Uses in this category typically create greater than usual amounts of smoke, gas, odor, dust, sound, or other objectionable influences that might be obnoxious to persons conducting business on-site or on an adjacent site. Uses include but are not limited to batch plants, rendering plants, aggregate processing facilities, plastics and rubber products manufacturing. Also see “Manufacturing – Minor” and “Cottage Industry.”

**Manufacturing – Minor.** Manufacturing, fabrication, processing, and assembly of materials from parts that are already in processed form and that, in their maintenance, assembly, manufacture, or plant operation, do not create excessive amounts of smoke, gas, odor, dust, sound, or other objectionable influences that might be obnoxious to persons conducting business on-site or on an adjacent site. Uses include but are not limited to furniture manufacturing and cabinet shops, laundry and dry cleaning plants, metal products fabrication, food and beverage manufacturing, etc. Also see “Manufacturing – major” and “Cottage Industry.”

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**Medical Services – General.** Facilities primarily engaged in furnishing outpatient medical, mental health, surgical and other personal health services, but which are separate from hospitals (e.g. medical and dental laboratories, medical, dental and psychiatric offices, out-patient care facilities, allied health service).



*Next to Structure*

**Medical Services – Hospitals.** Hospitals and similar facilities engaged primarily in providing diagnostic services, and extensive medical treatment, including surgical and other hospital services. These establishments have an organized medical staff, inpatient beds, and equipment and facilities to provide complete health care. May include on-site accessory clinics and laboratories, accessory retail uses and emergency heliports.

**Mixed Use.** The development of land, buildings, or structures with a variety of complementary and integrated uses.

**Mullion.** A mullion is a structural element which divides adjacent window units.

**Multi-Family Faux House.** A detached building that has a street appearance of a single large house which contains more than four dwellings. Each dwelling is individually accessed from a central lobby, which in turn is accessed directly from the street.

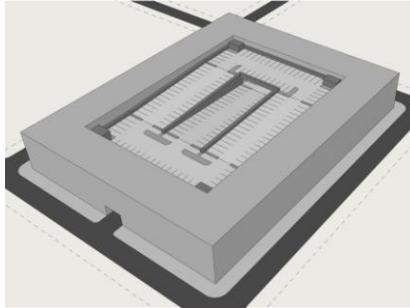
**Next to Structure Parking.** Ground level public or private parking lot located in the side yard setback next to a building. If possible, access to the parking should be taken from an alley.

**Outdoor Commercial Recreation.** Facility for various outdoor participant sports and types of recreation where a fee is charged for use (e.g. amphitheaters, amusement and theme parks, golf driving ranges, health and athletic club with outdoor facilities, miniature golf courses, skateboard parks, stadiums and coliseums, swim and tennis clubs, water slides, zoos).

**Office – Business and Professional.** This use listing includes offices of administrative businesses providing direct services to consumers (e.g. insurance companies, utility companies), government agency and service facilities (e.g. post office, civic center), professional offices (e.g. accounting, attorneys, employment, public relations), and offices engaged in the production of intellectual property (e.g. advertising, architectural, computer programming, photography studios). This use

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does not include medical offices (see "Medical Services") Outdoor storage of materials is prohibited.



*Parking Structure*

**Parapet.** The extension of the main walls of a building above the roof level.

**Parks and Public Plazas.** Public parks including playgrounds and athletic fields/courts and public plazas and outdoor gathering places for community use. If privately-owned and restricted to the public (e.g., require payment of fee), the same facilities are included under the definition of "Outdoor Commercial Recreation."

**Park and Ride Facility.** A designated area where a vehicle may be left in order to carpool with other commuters or to ride public transit.

**Parking Structure.** A privately owned and operated multi-story structure that provides public parking spaces for a fee.

**Parking Type.** Refers to the type of parking allowed for motorized vehicles including automobiles, trucks, and motorcycles.

**PDA.** Priority Development Area

**Pedestrian Refuge Island.** A pedestrian refuge island is a small concrete or paved island in the middle of a road that allows people to cross the road in stages.

**Pedestrian Scale.** The proportional relationship between an individual and his or her environment.

**Personal Services.** Establishments providing non-medical services as a primary use, including, but not limited to barber and beauty shops, clothing rental, dry cleaning pick-up stores with limited equipment, home electronics and small appliance repair, Laundromats (self-service laundries), shoe repair shops, and tailors. These uses may also include accessory retail sales of products related to the services provided, spas and hot tubs for rent, and tanning salons.

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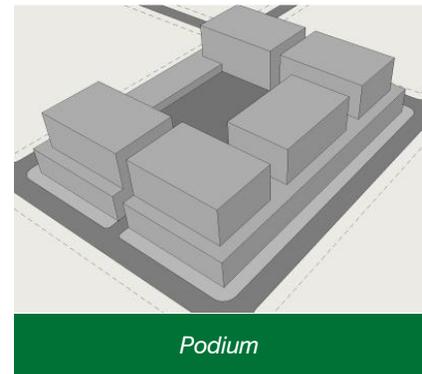
**Personal Services, Restricted.** Personal service establishments (e.g. check cashing services, fortune tellers, psychics, palm readers, and similar services, tattooing, piercing, massage parlors and similar services) tending to have a blighting and/or deteriorating effect upon surrounding areas and which may need to be dispersed to minimize their adverse impacts. These uses may also include accessory retail sales of products related to the services provided.

**Personal Storage Facility.** A structure or group of structures containing generally small, individual, compartmentalized stalls or lockers rented as individual storage spaces and characterized by low parking demand.

**Pervious Surface.** Any material that permits full or partial absorption of storm water into previously unimproved land.

**Podium.** This building type refers to a commercial building up to four stories tall that has a larger first floor area compared to the other floors.

**Porch Frontage.** This frontage type is characterized by a façade which is set back from the property line with a front yard, and by a porch which is appended to the front façade (the porch may encroach into the front setback).



*Podium*

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**Printing and Publishing.** Establishments engaged in printing by letterpress, lithography, gravure, screen, offset, or electrostatic (xerographic) copying, and other establishments serving the printing trade including bookbinding, typesetting, engraving, photoengraving, and electrotyping. This use also includes establishments that publish newspapers, books and periodicals, and establishments manufacturing business forms and binding devices. Does not include “quick printing” services or desktop publishing which are included in “Business Support Services.”

**Priority Development Area (PDA).** Locally-identified, infill development opportunity areas within existing communities. PDAs are generally areas of at least 100 acres where there is local commitment to developing more housing along with amenities and services to meet the day-to-day needs of residents in a pedestrian-friendly environment served by transit. To be eligible to become a PDA, an area had to be within an existing community, near existing or planned fixed transit or served by comparable bus service, and planned for more housing.

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**Recycling Facility – Collection.** A recycling facility used for the acceptance by donation, redemption, or purchase of recyclable materials from the public that does not occupy more than 500 square feet. This classification may include a mobile unit, kiosk-type units that may include permanent structures and unattended containers placed for the donation of recyclable materials. This also includes so-called “reverse vending machines” - automated mechanical device that accepts one or more types of empty beverage containers including, but not limited to, aluminum cans, glass bottles and plastic bottles, and issues a cash refund or a redeemable credit clip with value of not less than the container’s redemption value as determined by the State.

**Recycling Facility – Processing.** A recycling facility located in a building or enclosed space and used for the collection and processing of recyclable materials. Processing means the preparation of material for efficient shipment or to an end-user’s specifications by such means as baling, briquetting, compacting, flattening, grinding, crushing, mechanical sorting, shredding, cleaning and remanufacturing.

**Recycling Facility – Scrap and Dismantling.** Uses engaged in the assembling, breaking up, sorting, temporary storage, and distribution of recyclable or reusable scrap and waste materials, including the dismantling or wrecking of automobiles or other motor vehicles, and/or the storage or keeping for sale of parts and equipment resulting from such dismantling or wrecking. The presence on any lot or parcel of land of five or more inoperable vehicles from which parts have been or are to be removed for reuse or sale shall constitute prima facie evidence of an automobile wrecking yard. This use does not include landfills or other terminal waste disposal sites.

**Religious Institutions.** Facility operated by religious organizations for worship, or the promotion of religious activities (e.g. churches, mosques, synagogues, temples) and accessory uses on the same site (e.g. living quarters for ministers and staff, child day care facilities which where authorized in conjunction with the primary use. Other establishments maintained by religious organizations, such as full-time educational institutions, hospitals and other potentially related operations (e.g. recreational camp) are classified according to their respective activities.

**Residential Care Home.** Consistent with the definitions of State law, a residential care home is a home that provides 24-hour non-medical care for six or fewer persons 18 years of age or older, or emancipated minors, with chronic, life-threatening illness in need of personal services, protection, supervision, assistance, guidance, or training essential for sustaining the activities of daily living, or for the protection of the individual. This classification includes group homes, rest homes, residential care facilities for the elderly, adult residential facilities, wards of the juvenile court, and

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other facilities licensed by the State of California. Convalescent homes, nursing homes and similar facilities providing medical care are included under the definition of "Medical Services - Extended Care."

**Restaurants.** A retail business selling food and beverages prepared and/or served on the site, for on- or off premise consumption. These include eating establishments where customers are served from a walk-up ordering counter for either on- or off-premise consumption, and establishments where most customers are served food at tables for on-premise consumption, but may include providing food for take-out. Also includes coffee houses and accessory cafeterias as part of office and industrial uses.

**Retail.** Stores and shops selling multiple lines of merchandise. These stores and lines of merchandise include but are not limited to art galleries, bakeries (all production in support of on-site, sales), clothing and accessories, collectibles, department stores, drug and discount stores, dry goods, fabrics and sewing supplies, florists and houseplant stores (indoor sales, only; outdoor sales are "Plant Nurseries"), furniture, home furnishings and equipment, general stores, gift shops, hardware, hobby materials, musical instruments, parts and accessories, newsstands, pet supplies specialty shops, sporting goods and equipment, stationery, and variety stores. Also includes Retail – Accessory. The retail sales of various products (including food service) in a store or similar facility that is located within a health care, hotel, office, or industrial complex. These uses include but are not limited to pharmacies, gift shops, and food service establishments within hospitals, and convenience stores and food service establishments within hotel, office and industrial complexes. This use category also includes retail associated with industrial uses for the products sold, distributed or manufactured on site. Such retail area shall not exceed 25 percent of the total square footage of the tenant space of a single use development or the combined floor area of an integrated development in a mixed use project.

**Rowhouse.** Two or more detached two- or three-story dwellings with zero side yard setbacks. A Rowhouse may be used for non-residential purposes

**Schools – Private and Special/Studio.** Includes private educational institutions (e.g. boarding schools, business, secretarial, and vocational schools, colleges and universities, establishments providing for courses by mail or on-line) and special schools/studios (e.g. art, ballet and other dance, computers and electronics, drama, driver education, language, music, photography). Also includes facilities, institutions and conference centers that offer specialized programs in personal growth and development (e.g. fitness training studios, gymnastics instructions and aerobics and

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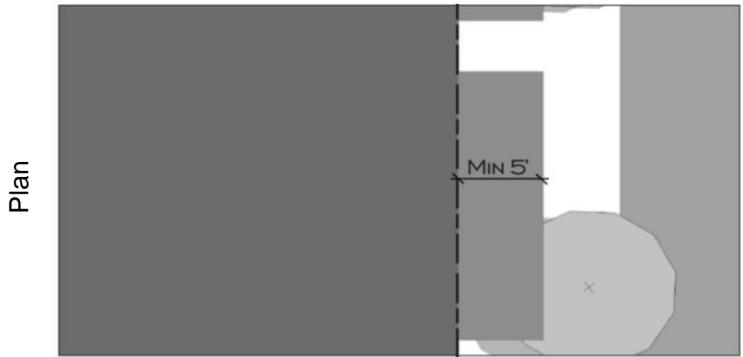
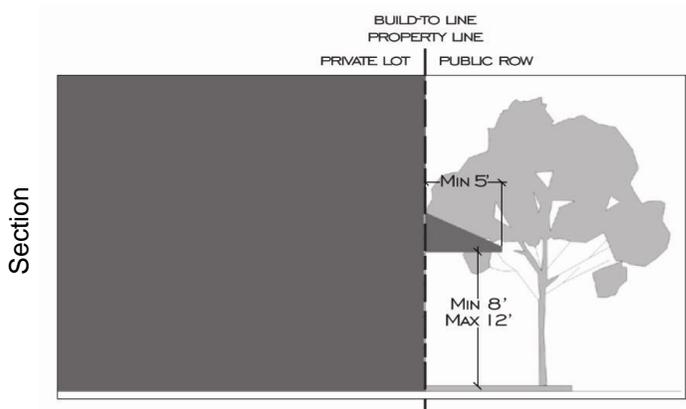
gymnastics studios, environmental awareness, arts, communications, management). Also see “Indoor Fitness and Sports Facilities.”

**Schools – Public.** Public educational institutions such as community colleges, universities, elementary, middle/junior high schools, high schools, and military academies.

**Service Station.** A retail business selling gasoline or other motor vehicle fuels.

**Setback.** The required distance between a property line and a structure. The setback is measured from the property line and/or right of way line.

**Shopfront and Awning Frontage.** This frontage is characterized by a façade which is aligned close to or directly on the right-of-way line with the building entrance at sidewalk grade. A shopfront and awning frontage has substantial glazing on the ground floor. Shopfront and awning frontages provide awnings or canopies cantilevered over the sidewalk.



# DEFINITIONS

Building entrances may either provide a canopy or awning, or alternatively, may be recessed behind the front building façade.

**Stacked.** A residential building comprised of vertically stacked dwelling units. The main entrance to the building shall be through a street level lobby.



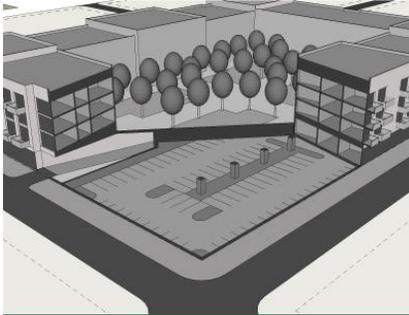
*Stacked*

**Stoop Frontage.** This frontage is characterized by a façade which is aligned close to the frontage line with the ground story elevated from the sidewalk to provide privacy for the ground floor uses. The entrance is usually an exterior stair or landing which may be combined with a small porch or roof. The Stoop frontage type is suitable for ground floor residential uses with short setbacks.



# DEFINITIONS

**Streetscape.** The visual character of a street as determined by elements such as structures, access, greenery, open space, view, etc. The scene as may be observed along a public street composed of natural and man-made components, including buildings, paving, planting, street hardware, and miscellaneous structures.



*Subterranean*

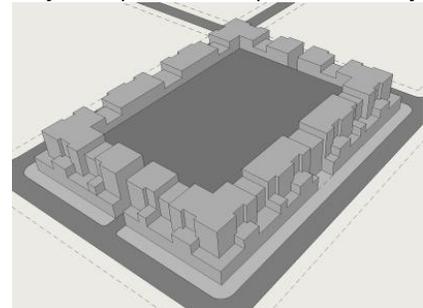
**Subterranean Parking.** Underground public or private parking structure typically located directly underneath the building it is serving.

**Sustainability.** Balancing economic, environmental and social interests and responsibilities to promote development that meets the needs of the community, now and into the future.

**Swales.** An open drainage channel that has been explicitly designed to detain or infiltrate the entire runoff volume associated with a water quality storm event.

**Telecommunications Facility.** Facility designed and/or used for the purpose of transmitting, receiving, or relaying voice and/or data signals from various wireless communication devices, including transmission tower, antenna, and or other facility designed or used for that purpose. Amateur radio transmission facilities, facilities operated exclusively as part of a public safety network, and facilities used exclusively for the transmission of television and/or radio broadcasts are not "telecommunication facilities".

**Terraced.** A mixed-use, residential, or commercial building characterized by individual units that are accessed via multi-leveled outdoor terraces. The terraces are intended to be semi-public spaces that are extensions of the public realm.



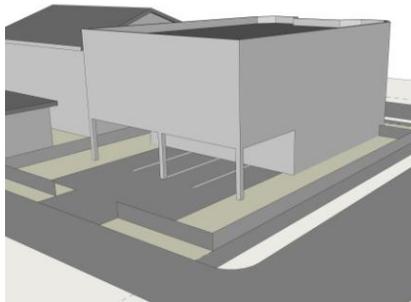
*Terraced Lot*

**Theatres and Auditoriums.** Indoor facilities for public assembly and group entertainment, other than sporting events (e.g. civic theaters, facilities for "live" theater and concerts, exhibition and convention halls, motion picture theaters, auditoriums). Does not include outdoor theaters, concert and similar entertainment facilities, and indoor and outdoor facilities for sporting events; see "Outdoor Commercial Recreation."

# DEFINITIONS

**Traffic Calming.** Reducing motorist speed, decreasing motor vehicle volumes, and increasing safety for pedestrians and non-motorized vehicles

**Transit Stations and Terminals.** Passenger stations for vehicular and rail mass transit systems; also terminal facilities providing maintenance and service for the vehicles operated in the transit system. Includes buses, taxis, railway, etc.



*Tucked-under-Structure*

**Tucked-Under-Structure.** Ground level covered parking lot located directly beneath the second floor of building. Tucked under parking should not be visible from the public right-of-way unless the right-of-way is a City designated alley.

**Vehicle Services.** The repair, alteration, restoration, towing, painting, cleaning (e.g. self-service and attended car washes), or finishing of automobiles, trucks, recreational vehicles, boats and other vehicles as a primary use, including the incidental wholesale and retail sale of vehicle parts as an accessory use. This use includes major repair and body work - repair facilities dealing with entire vehicles; such establishments typically provide towing, collision repair, other body work, and painting services and may also include tire recapping establishments. Also includes Minor facilities specializing in limited aspects of repair and maintenance (e.g., muffler and radiator shops, quick-lube, smog check). Does not include repair shops that are part of a vehicle dealership on the same site.

**Veterinary Facility.** Veterinary facility that is primarily enclosed, containing only enough cage arrangements as necessary to provide services for domestic and exotic animals requiring acute medical or surgical care with accessory outdoor use that provides long term medical care. Grooming and boarding of animals is allowed only if accessory to the facility use.